

Vassar

Overcoming floods in the City of Vassar



Andrew Niedzinski City Manager























87 Families are forced to evacuate their homes. Emergency services had to coordinate rescue; areas of the city were cut off.

How do we prevent this from happening again?

A RINKS



Install large pump stations and deploy bladder bags



Relocate the Moore Drain



Demolish homes and relocated families out of the Special Hazard Floodway. Lift homes that choose to remain in their homes



Install one way flood gates to ensure Cass River can not flow into the Moore Drain.





bags

Install large mp ations and deploy bladder



Relocate t Mare prain



Demolish homes and relocated families out of the Special Hazard Floodway. Lift homes that choose to remain in their homes



Install one way flood gates to ensure Cass River can not flow into the Moore Drain.



• The 100-year flood covers this first floor by 3.2 feet. It was proposed to elevated the home at least 1 foot above the 100-year food elevation under the Vassar Flood Mediation assistance program. It was eventually elevated 8.2 feet in total.





• The 100-year flood covers this first floor by 6.1 feet. It was proposed to elevated the home at least 1 foot above the 100-year food elevation under the Vassar Flood Mediation assistance program. It was eventually elevated 7.9 feet in total.









Demolish homes and relocated families out of the Special Hazard Floodway. Lift homes that choose to remain in their homes



Install one way flood gates to ensure Cass River can not flow into the Moore Drain.







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15.05 Feet 2/22/2018









FLOODING AND COASTAL PLANNING/RESILIENCY IN SOUTHWEST MICHIGAN

Marcy Hamilton

Senior Planner/Deputy Executive Director Southwest Michigan Planning Commission



SOUTHWEST MICHIGAN PLANNING COMMISSION

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SOUTHWEST MICHIGAN PLANNING COMMISSION

COASTAL PLANNING USING NATURE BASED SOLUTIONS

Bridgman – Shoreline Resiliency Committee
Flow Path Mapping

Benton Harbor

- ► Ox Creek Revitalization
- Riverview Drive High Water Mitigation





BRIDGMAN SHORELINE RESILIENCY COMMITTEE

- ► Gene Schoon
- ► Jon Bonkoske
- ► Sara Ball
- Juan Ganum
- Brad Mattner
- ► John Wilk
- ► Mary Kay Steele
- ► Advisor: Marcy Hamilton



- Established by Bridgman City Council
- Apolitical advisory committee
- Keep abreast of information concerning fluctuating Great Lake water levels and shoreline dynamics
- Educate the public
- Inform local governing bodies in Bridgman area
- Assist with adopting informed planning and zoning practices that will ensure a resilient coastline for long-term community health and well-being.

https://www.bridgman.org/292/Shoreline-Resiliency-Committee

EGLE CZM GRANT - BRIDGMAN FLOW PATH MAPPING



Understanding the Flow Lines



Red Lines: Stop! Water flow in this area is significant.

Yellow/Orange Lines: Proceed with caution.

<u>Green Lines:</u> Install Green Infrastructure and help our community be "clean and green".



BENTON HARBOR - FLOODING PROBLEM

The St. Joseph riverfront is prone to flooding due to its location within the backwaters of Lake Michigan and the influence of the St. Joseph River watershed.

- Long term Lake Michigan water level cycles
- Short term wind events, storm runoff, and rainfall events
- Combine, resulting in both shortand long-term high-water events.



Twin Cities Harbor Vision (V5): 2040



BENTON HARBOR RIVERVIEW DRIVE - HIGH WATER INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT OVERVIEW EGLE COASTAL ZONE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

- Opportunity to create an amazing waterfront offering:
 - ▶ public access and recreation,
 - stormwater management
 - ▶ better habitat for fish,
 - while enhancing redevelopment opportunities.

The site of the existing Chase building is a good candidate for mixed-use redevelopment due to its waterfront and proximity to activity centers further north. Quality public spaces on the waterfront can include stepped embankments, a plaza, and waterfront dining. See pages 50-51 for additional concepts on how South Riverview Drive can meaninofully connect with other parts of the study area

If transient boat slips were provided, existing businesses on South Riverview Drive could benefit from seasonal structures for dining, entertainment, vendors, and fishing-related activity. This concept is inspired by a similar arrangement on the Root River in Racine, Wisconsin



Develop a concept-level design of the Riverview Drive corridor between West Main Street and West Empire Avenue.

Benton Harbor Ox Creek Revitalization Project



Address nonpoint source pollution to reduce flash flooding, sedimentation and pollutant runoff.



Restore the **creek and its corridor** and create improved opportunities for **public access**.



Clean up and stop **illegal dumping** occurring along the corridor.



Address **legacy contamination** to create opportunities for recreation/redevelopment.

gure 34. High-Priority Urban Management Areas





OX CREEK – RAIN GARDENS

Pipeston

Putinator/ Rain Gardens



Completed: Wightman Meijer Up Next: Home Depot (funded) Walmart (funding pending) Hall Park (funded)



Ox Creek Rain Gardens – Hall Park









OX CREEK AND HARBOR FUNDING

- Ox Creek Revitalization
- ► \$2,501 EGLE Water Resources Division MiCorps grant volunteer clean up along Ox Creek
- \$3,000 Berrien Community Foundation Ox Creek and Hall Park Vision signage
- **\$3 million** Upton FY23 Community Project for Ox Creek Corridor
- \$200,000 Army Corps of Engineers Technical Assistance for floodplain modeling
- \$958,000 MDNR Spark Grant Hall Park (pathways, basketball courts, etc)
- \$1,000,000 NOAA, Coastal Habitat Restoration & Resilience Grant for Underserved Communities
- **\$27,400** U.S. Dept. of Ag Forest Service Great Lakes Restoration Initiative, Cooperative Weed Management Area grant
- \$5,000 Heart of Cook Earth Day Grant Earth Day Event at Hall Park on April 22, 2023
- \$1,050,000 GLRI Noncompetitive Improved access, stormwater BMPs at Hall Park & retail area
- \$150,000 Google Home State Grant Stream Habitat Restoration
- \$600,000 NFWF Sustain Our Great Lakes stream restoration
- EPA Brownfield Assessment Grant and TAB technical assistance
- \$1,000,000 EGLE NPS (pending) stormwater BMP at Walmart
- \$1,500,000 NOAA Marine Debris Removal (LOI accepted)
- Harbor Funding
- ► \$392,920 EGLE High Water Infrastructure Grant Riverview Drive
- \$15,000,000 NOAA Climate Resilience Regional Challenge for Ox Creek and Riverview Dr (pending)







EASTSIDE COMMUNITY NETWORK

MAP Resilience Summit

ECN develops people, places, and plans for sustainable neighborhood growth on Detroit's eastside.



Our Approach: Neighborhoods First Engagement Model

Traditional Community Engagement Residents Engaged = Neighborhood Success



Guiding Principles

Sustainability: Management of natural, human, and manufactured resources for the inclusive social wellbeing of community members, now and in future generations.

Racial Equity: Causes, consequences, and solutions are not distributed equitably Solutions must:

- Be rooted in advancing racial and economic justice
- Be driven by people most impacted



Program Departments

- Stoudamire Wellness Hub
- Community Economic Development
- Youth Development
- Climate Equity
- Community Organizing and Powerbuilding
- Sustainable Housing



Strengthening impact of community leaders across generations

Piloting climate solutions that promote resilience and justice

WHAT DO WE DO?

FOR CLIMATE

Building community power and collective voice Strengthening and Transforming the Lower Eastside Supporting LEAP Phase III THIS STUDY EXAMINES OPPORTUNITIES TO LEVERAGE GREEN STORMWATER INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENTS IN DETROIT'S GOODSTOCK NEIGHBORHOOD TO GENERATE MULTIPLE BENEFITS FOR INVESTORS AND THE COMMUNITY.

LEAP III

A Community-Driven Vision for the Lower Eastside

DETROIT - MICHIGAN





GOODSTOCK NEIGHBORHOODS LAND USE FRAMEWORI



Resident Driven Planning Reports

Strengthening and Transforming the Lower Eastside Supporting LEAP Phase III

Strengthening the Chandler Park Neighborhood

LEAP Phase III's goal of strengthening Chandler Park builds on LEAP Phases I and II, which sought to "stabilize active residential and commercial districts, which in turn greatly improve the quality of life." The LEAP Steering Committee saw an opportunity to reinforce Chandler Park as an active residential district.

Transforming Open Space

LEAP Phase III aims to support land transformation and neighborhood stabilization. The open space portion of this plan proposes a systematic approach to transforming vacant land in a coordinated manner, based on historical and existing natural features. In contrast to a series of stand-alone projects, the suggested projects can accumulate over time to provide ecological benefits to the entire Lower Eastside. Suggested projects for open space transformation differ inside and outside multi-family housing investment areas, where development is more likely.





Support Investment in Hamilton Academy Rain Garden Learning Lab



Figure 3.9: Vacant lots are distributed throughout the Chandler Park neighborhood, with a high concentration in the Heights in the northwest corner. Searce City of Dereit, Force Map, 2017; Field Investgance February-Meech 2017; data are available on Maior City Mapping U.S. Cenux Bareas, TREBRIAN: All Reads, 2014 (see Appendix A)

Hamilton Rainscape Learning Lab













Fred A. and Barbara M. Erb Family Foundation

THE KRESGE FOUNDATION











COMING SOON: HAMILTON LEARNING LAB

An outdoor classroom and stormwater park brought to you by the Eastside Community Network













Expanding GSI in neighborhoods • Goodstock Offsite Credit Research



Map of the Goodstock area highlighting parcels owned by the Detroit Land Bank Authority.



Catastrophic Flooding 2021





FEMA Total Damage \$78.3M (\$230M) Map of Flooding Reports from the City of Detroit

Valid Registrations - 49,941 Approved - 23,167 (46%)



Rain Ready Homes



Resilient Eastside Initiative



EASTSIDE

NETWORK

COMMUNITY

What could this look like in practice?

Resilient Structure

- Energy and water efficient
- Solar, storage, and backup power
- Flood mitigation and water management
- Resilient and redundant communications systems
- High indoor air quality Secure and accessible

Emergency Services

- Heating/cooling centers
- Communications hub
- Food, water, and medical supply storage and
- distribution
- Safe, secure, and accessible space
- Transportation for mobilitychallenged

Engagement & Communications

- Disruption planning and protocols
- Community needs and resilience gap assessments
- Strengthening outreach before, during, and after disruptions
- Training for resiliency

Programmatic Services

- Everyday, mission-driven services
- Emergency services during disruptions
- Logistics and coordination during disruptions
- Water, energy, and resilience strategies for the community
- Resources and comms



Eastside Flooding Task Force

Developing a shared understanding and advocacy agenda. Our demands:

- 1. Timely Flooding Alert Communication
- 2. Streamlined (Universal) Application for Resources
- 3. Green and Gray Stormwater Infrastructure
- 4. Green and Gray residential retrofitting



What is a watershed?

A watershed is an area of land from which all water drains into a shared body of water. such as a river, lake or the ocean. When it rains or snows, some water seeps into the ground while the rest flows downhill carrying soil, pollutants, and other materials into our waterways. In urban areas, because we have more concrete, roofs, and roads (aka impervious surfaces), less water is able to seep into the ground and more becomes runoff. This runoff can then cause problems like flooding and pollution which makes reducing and managing it important tasks. Watersheds are important because they provide drinking water, water for recreation and irrigation, as well as food and water for plants and animals. (NEEF)



Figure 2. Watershed of an Urban Environment



WAYNE STATE College of Engineering

Do you live in the targeted area? Then get involved in watershed planning by scaning the QR below. Sign up for newsletter updates on the Detroit River Watershed Management Plan and stay informed or get involved by becoming a Resident Watershed Planner!



This project was funded by the Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy and the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Great Lakes Restoration Initiative.



Detroit River Watershed Management shed is Plan

What is it and how will it help us?



Figure 1. Watershed of a Natural Environment



of water in the

om Lake Huron (EPA).

ff flows into Lake St.

and the Rouge River.

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this goes directly into

development.

of sewer pipes

tional watershed.

ed with Canada.

Figure 3. Combined Sewer Overflows during a rain storm (EGLE What You Need to Know about Combined Sewer Overflows and Retention Treatment Basins)

What is a watershed management plan?

A watershed management plan (WMP) is a tool that can be used to help improve water quality as well as prevent further problems. It identifies the water quality issues and sources of pollution, describes actions that can be taken to solve such issues, and outlines a way to track progress and identify successful actions. A WMP can be especially helpful in areas like the eastside of Detroit, where industrial pollution and raw sewage overflows threaten the quality of the water needed for both our health and recreation. (EPA)

Why do we need one?

- 1. Both Lake St. Clair and the Rouge Rivers have WMPs, but there is not one that covers the unique relationship to water that eastside communities along the Detroit River have. This WMP will allow us to identify localized solutions to help protect residents from larger system failures "upstream."
- 2. We are creating a distinctly urban plan that not only addresses the health of the Detroit River, but also the sewer and stormwater infrastructure that influences our communities. By recognizing our unique situation and combining approaches, we can create a "sewershed" management plan that addresses both the social and environmental issues we face.



Figure 4. Map of targeted planning area

How will it help us?

- Having a watershed management plan opens us up to additional funding sources and advocacy tools to help address water quality and infrastructure issues.
- 2.A WMP will help build knowledge and relationships between community members and technical experts, ultimately increasing our capacity to engage with governments and utilities on important issues regarding water quality and infrastructure.
- 3. Climate change is already having an impact on the eastside, with an increase in severe rain storms and flooding disasters. It is important that we act now and as holistically as possible. The WMP could be a tool in our climate resiliency toolbox.

Stay Connected

Stronger, Together

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For more information about ECN please visit <u>WWW.ECN-DETROIT.ORG</u>



EASTSIDE COMMUNITY NETWORK



I: 55469 ENTER MESSAGE "ECN"



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